

Practice on Exponential Functions

Math 140 — Applied Calculus

Dr. Peratt

Directions: Neatly complete the following problems.

1. For each exponential function, answer the questions regarding the interpretation of its parameters.

(a) $y = 5.2(1.13)^t$.

- Is it growth or decay?
- Explain how you know.
- What is the initial value?
- What is the growth/decay rate?
- What is the continuous growth/decay rate?
- Sketch a graph of the function.

(b) $y = -2.7(0.13)^t$.

- Is it growth or decay?
- Explain how you know.
- What is the initial value?
- What is the growth/decay rate?
- What is the continuous growth/decay rate?
- Sketch a graph of the function.

(c) $y = -3.4(4.51)^t$

- Is it growth or decay?
- Explain how you know.
- What is the initial value?
- What is the growth/decay rate?
- What is the continuous growth/decay rate?
- Sketch a graph of the function.

(d) $y = 3.4(4.51)^{-t}$.

- Is it growth or decay?
- Explain how you know.
- What is the initial value?
- What is the growth/decay rate?
- What is the continuous growth/decay rate?
- Sketch a graph of the function.

(e) $y = 3.4e^{0.51t}$

- Is it growth or decay?
- Explain how you know.
- What is the initial value?
- What is the growth/decay rate?
- What is the continuous growth/decay rate?
- Sketch a graph of the function.

(f) $y = -3.4e^{-1.27t}$

- Is it growth or decay?
- Explain how you know.
- What is the initial value?
- What is the growth/decay rate?
- What is the continuous growth/decay rate?
- Sketch a graph of the function.

2. The following functions give the populations of four towns with time t in years.

i $P = 600(1.12)^t$

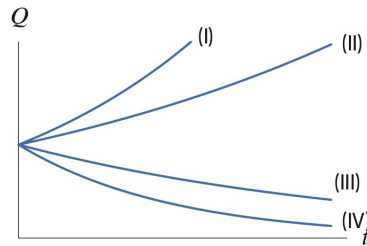
ii $P = 1,000(1.03)^t$

iii $P = 200(1.08)^t$

iv $P = 900(0.90)^t$

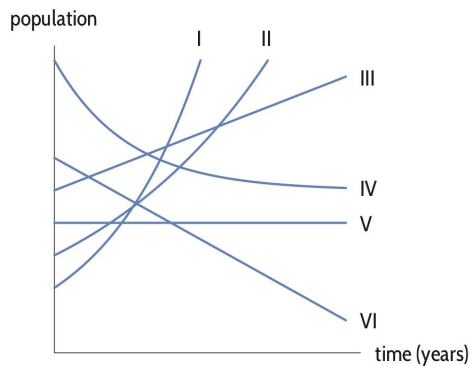
- Which town has the largest percent growth? What is the percent growth rate?
- Which town has the largest initial population? What is that initial population?
- Are there any towns decreasing in size? If so, which one(s) and by what percent are they decreasing?

3. The graph in the figure below shows $Q = 50(1.2)^t$, $Q = 50(0.6)^t$, $Q = 50(0.8)^t$, and $Q = 50(1.4)^t$. Match each formula to a graph.



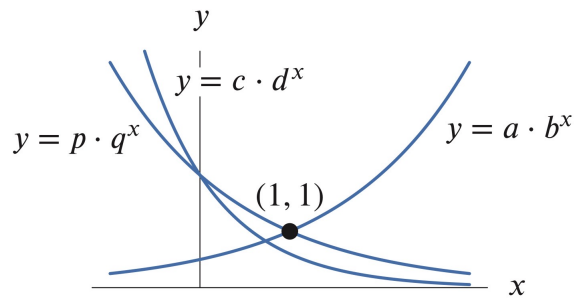
4. The figure below shows graphs of several cities' population against time. Match each of the following descriptions to a graph and write a description to match each of the remaining graphs.

- The population increased by 5% per year.
- The population increased by 8% per year.
- The population increased by 5,000 people per year.
- The population was stable.

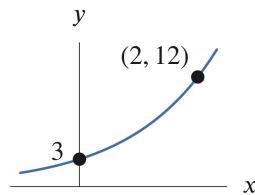
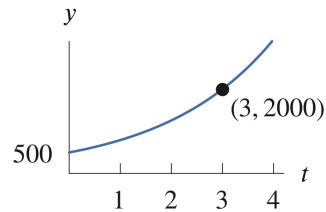


5. The exponential functions graphed below have b , d , q positive.

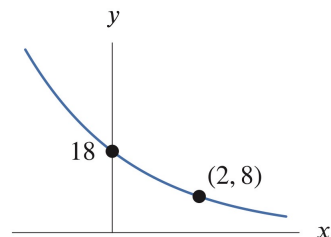
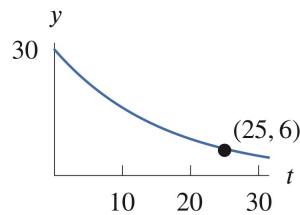
- Which of the constants a , c , and p must be positive? Explain.
- Which of the constants a , b , c , d , p , and q must be between 0 and 1? Explain.
- Which two of the constants a , b , c , d , p , and q must be equal?
- What information about the constants a and b does the point $(1, 1)$ provide?



6. Give a possible formula for the functions in the figure below:



7. Give a possible formula for the functions in the figure below:



8. Write a possible formula that describes each of the following situations.

- An air-freshener starts with 30 grams of material that evaporates at 2 grams per day.
- An air-freshener starts with 30 grams of material that evaporates by 2% per day.
- A town has a population of 1,000 people at time $t = 0$, and the population increases by 50 people every year.

- (d) A town has a population of 1,000 people at time $t = 0$, and the population increases by 5% people every year.
 - (e) The gross domestic product, G , of Switzerland was 685.4 billion dollars in 2013 and increases by 2% per year.
 - (f) The gross domestic product, G , of Switzerland was 685.4 billion dollars in 2013 and increases by 7 billion dollars per year.
9. For each of the following exponential functions, sketch a quick graph to determine whether they intersect for some positive time value and, if they do, find the coordinates of that intersection.
- (a) $s = 4.7(0.57)^t$ and $s = 2.3(1.15)^t$.
 - (b) $s = 2.3(0.57)^t$ and $s = 4.7(1.15)^t$.
10. A town has a population of 1,000 people at time $t = 0$, and the population increases by 5% people every year. Find the amount of time it will take for the population to double.

Practice on Exponential Functions—Solutions

Math 140 — Applied Calculus

Dr. Peratt

Directions: Neatly complete the following problems.

1. For each exponential function, answer the questions regarding the interpretation of its parameters.

(a) $y = 5.2(1.13)^t$.

- i. Is it growth or decay?

Answer: Growth.

- ii. Explain how you know.

Answer: $1.13 > 1$.

- iii. What is the initial value?

Answer: 5.2.

- iv. What is the growth/decay rate?

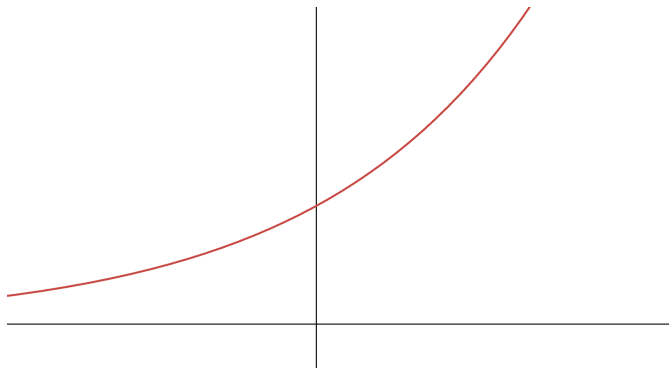
Answer: 13%.

- v. What is the continuous growth/decay rate?

Answer: Since $\ln(1.13) = 0.122$, the decay rate is 12.2%

- vi. Sketch a graph of the function.

Answer: With a y -intercept of 5.2.



(b) $y = -2.7(0.13)^t$.

- i. Is it growth or decay?

Answer: Decay.

- ii. Explain how you know.

Answer: $0 < 0.13 < 1$.

- iii. What is the initial value?

Answer: -2.7 .

- iv. What is the growth/decay rate?

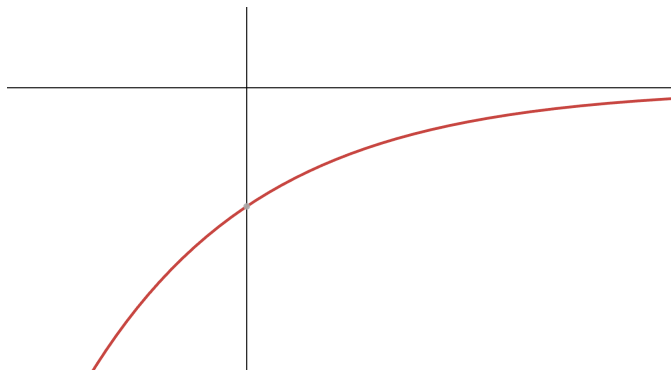
Answer: 87%.

- v. What is the continuous growth/decay rate?

Answer: Since $\ln(0.13) = -2.040$, the decay rate is 204%,

- vi. Sketch a graph of the function.

Answer: With a y -intercept of -2.7 .



(c) $y = -3.4(4.51)^t$

- i. Is it growth or decay?

Answer: Growth.

- ii. Explain how you know.

Answer: $4.51 > 1$.

- iii. What is the initial value?

Answer: -3.4 .

- iv. What is the growth/decay rate?

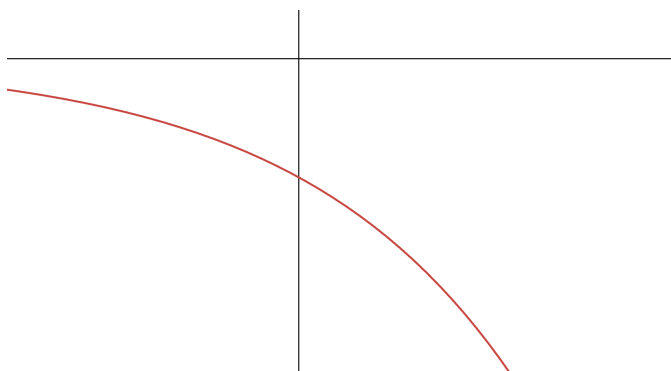
Answer: 351%.

- v. What is the continuous growth/decay rate?

Answer: Since $\ln(4.51) = 1.506$, the decay rate is 150.6%.

- vi. Sketch a graph of the function.

Answer: With a y -intercept of -3.4 .



(d) $y = 3.4(4.51)^{-t}$.

- i. Is it growth or decay?

Answer: Since $4.51 > 1$, that would indicate growth, but since the exponent is negative, that reverses things. It is Decay.

- ii. Explain how you know.

Answer: $y = 3.4(4.51)^{-t} = 3.4(0.22)^t$, and $0.22 < 1$.

- iii. What is the initial value?

Answer: 3.4.

- iv. What is the growth/decay rate?

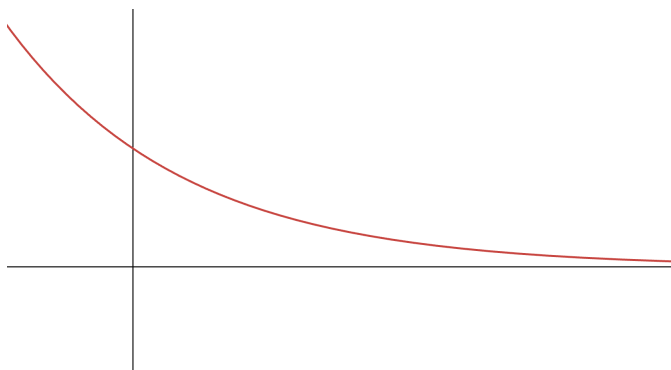
Answer: 78%.

- v. What is the continuous growth/decay rate?

Answer: Since $\ln(0.22) = -1.514$, the decay rate is 151.4%.

- vi. Sketch a graph of the function.

Answer: With a y -intercept of 3.4.



(e) $y = 3.4e^{0.51t}$

- i. Is it growth or decay?

Answer: Growth.

- ii. Explain how you know.

Answer: 0.51 is positive.

- iii. What is the initial value?

Answer: 3.4.

- iv. What is the growth/decay rate?

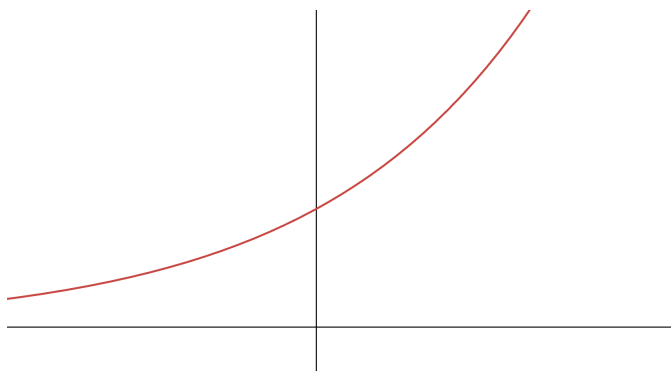
Answer: Since $3.4e^{0.51t} = 3.4(e^{0.51})^t = 3.4(1.665)^t$, the growth rate is 66.5%.

- v. What is the continuous growth/decay rate?

Answer: 51%.

- vi. Sketch a graph of the function.

Answer: With a y -intercept of 3.4.



(f) $y = -3.4e^{-1.27t}$

- i. Is it growth or decay?

Answer: Decay.

- ii. Explain how you know.

Answer: -1.27 is negative.

- iii. What is the initial value?

Answer: -3.4 .

- iv. What is the growth/decay rate?

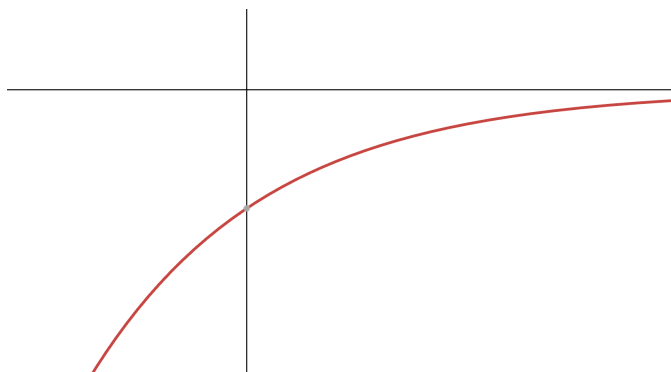
Answer: Since $-3.4e^{-1.27t} = -3.4(e^{-1.27})^t = -3.4(0.281)^t$, the decay rate is 71.9%.

- v. What is the continuous growth/decay rate?

Answer: 127%.

- vi. Sketch a graph of the function.

Answer: With a y -intercept of -3.4 .



2. The following functions give the populations of four towns with time t in years.

i $P = 600(1.12)^t$

ii $P = 1,000(1.03)^t$

iii $P = 200(1.08)^t$

iv $P = 900(0.90)^t$

- (a) Which town has the largest percent growth? What is the percent growth rate?

Answer: Town i with a growth rate of 12%.

- (b) Which town has the largest initial population? What is that initial population?

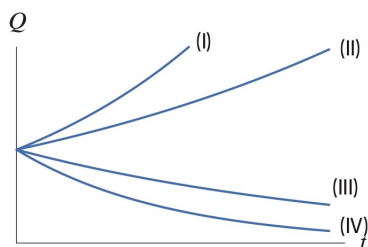
Answer: Town ii with an initial population of 1,000.

- (c) Are there any towns decreasing in size? If so, which one(s) and by what percent are they decreasing?

Answer: Town iv, which is decreasing at a rate of 10% per year.

3. The graph in the figure below shows $Q = 50(1.2)^t$, $Q = 50(0.6)^t$, $Q = 50(0.8)^t$, and $Q = 50(1.4)^t$. Match each formula to a graph.

Answer: I is the largest increase, which is $Q = 50(1.4)^t$. II is the smaller increase, which is $Q = 50(1.2)^t$. III is the slower decay rate, which is $Q = 50(0.8)^t$, with a decay rate of 20%, and IV is the faster decay rate, which is $Q = 50(0.6)^t$, with a decay rate of 40%.



4. The figure below shows graphs of several cities' population against time. Match each of the following descriptions to a graph and write a description to match each of the remaining graphs.

- (a) The population increased by 5% per year.

Answer: II

- (b) The population increased by 8% per year.

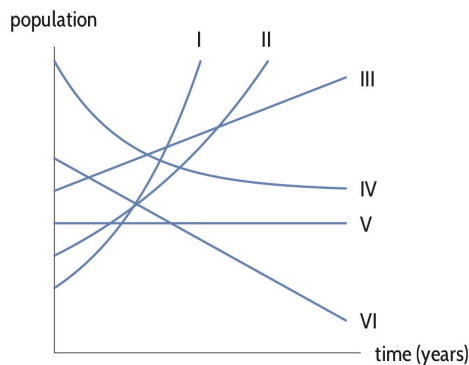
Answer: I

- (c) The population increased by 5,000 people per year.

Answer: III

- (d) The population was stable.

Answer: V. For the remaining graphs, we have for IV that it is decaying at, say, 6% per year and for VI, we could say it is decaying by, say, 8,000 people per year.



5. The exponential functions graphed below have b , d , q positive.

- (a) Which of the constants a , c , and p must be positive? Explain.

Answer: They must all be positive, because they represent the initial value of each function, and each function intersects the vertical axis at a positive value.

- (b) Which of the constants a , b , c , d , p , and q must be between 0 and 1? Explain.

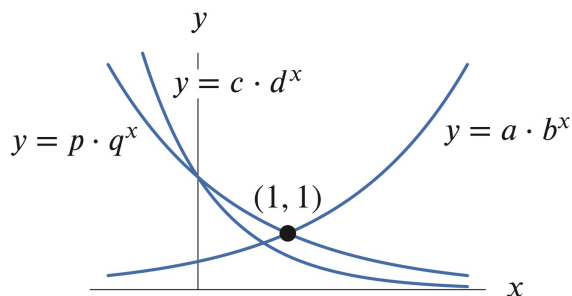
Answer: a is between 0 and 1, because it represents the initial value of the function which is positive but less than 1. Also, q and d must be between 0 and 1, because they represent the rate of growth/decay of their respective functions, and both of those functions are decaying.

- (c) Which two of the constants a , b , c , d , p , and q must be equal?

Answer: p and c must be equal, since they represent the same initial value on the vertical axis.

- (d) What information about the constants a and b does the point $(1, 1)$ provide?

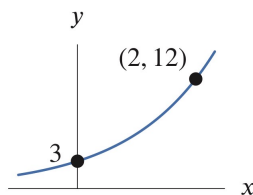
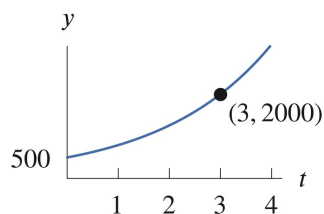
Answer: If we substitute in 1 for both x and y , we see that $a \cdot b = 1$, so that means that a and b are reciprocals of one another.



6. Give a possible formula for the functions in the figure below:

Answer: For the first, we see that the initial value is 500, so the function is of the form $y = 500 \cdot b^t$. Also, when we put $t = 3$, we get $y = 2000$, so $2000 = 500 \cdot b^3$. Therefore $b = 1.587$. So, the function is $y = 500(1.587)^t$.

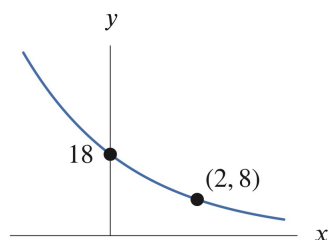
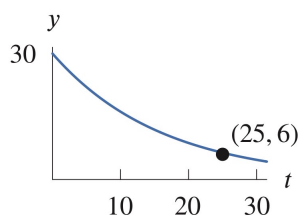
For the second, we have $y = 3 \cdot b^x$ and when $x = 2$, $y = 12$. Therefore, $12 = 3 \cdot b^2$, so that $b = 2$. The function is therefore $y = 3 \cdot 2^x$.



7. Give a possible formula for the functions in the figure below:

Answer: For the first one, we see that $y = 30 \cdot b^t$. When $t = 25$, $y = 6$. Therefore, $6 = 30 \cdot b^{25}$, so that $b = 0.938$. The function is $y = 30(0.938)^t$.

For the second, we see that $y = 18 \cdot b^x$ and when $x = 2$, $y = 8$. Therefore, $8 = 18 \cdot b^2$, so that $b = 0.667$. The function is $y = 18(0.667)^x$.



8. Write a possible formula that describes each of the following situations.

- (a) An air-freshener starts with 30 grams of material that evaporates at 2 grams per day.

Answer: $M = 30 - 2t$.

- (b) An air-freshener starts with 30 grams of material that evaporates by 2% per day.

Answer: $M = 30(0.98)^t$.

- (c) A town has a population of 1,000 people at time $t = 0$, and the population increases by 50 people every year.

Answer: $P = 1000 + 50t$.

- (d) A town has a population of 1,000 people at time $t = 0$, and the population increases by 5% people every year.

Answer: $P = 1000(1.05)^t$.

- (e) The gross domestic product, G , of Switzerland was 685.4 billion dollars in 2013 and increases by 2% per year.

Answer: $G = 685.4(1.02)^t$.

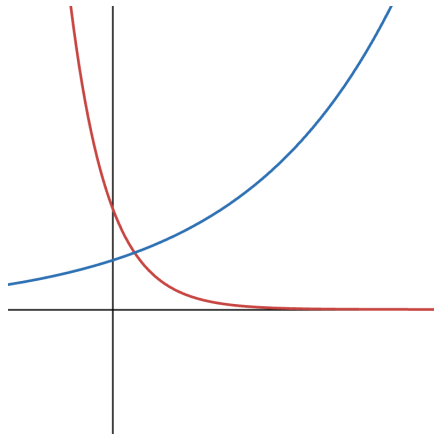
- (f) The gross domestic product, G , of Switzerland was 685.4 billion dollars in 2013 and increases by 7 billion dollars per year.

Answer: $G = 685.4 + 7t$.

9. For each of the following exponential functions, sketch a quick graph to determine whether they intersect for some positive time value and, if they do, find the coordinates of that intersection.

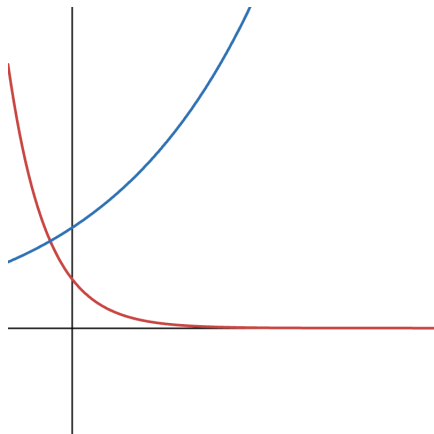
(a) $s = 4.7(0.57)^t$ and $s = 2.3(1.15)^t$.

Answer: According to the graph below, there is an intersection for positive time values. To find it, we solve $4.7(0.57)^t = 2.3(1.15)^t \rightarrow \frac{4.7}{2.3} = \frac{1.15^t}{0.57^t} \rightarrow 2.043 = 2.017^t \rightarrow \ln(2.043) = t \cdot \ln(2.017) \rightarrow t = \frac{\ln(2.043)}{\ln(2.017)} \approx 1.0182$. To find the s value, we plug this t value into either equation to get $s = 2.652$.



(b) $s = 2.3(0.57)^t$ and $s = 4.7(1.15)^t$.

Answer: According to the graph below, there is no intersection for positive time values.



10. A town has a population of 1,000 people at time $t = 0$, and the population increases by 5% people every year. Find the amount of time it will take for the population to double.

Answer: The formula that models this behavior is $P = 1000(1.05)^t$. We want see how long it will take for the population to get to 2,000. So, we solve $2000 = 1000(1.05)^t \rightarrow 2 = (1.05)^t \rightarrow \ln 2 = t \cdot \ln 1.05 \rightarrow t = \frac{\ln 2}{\ln 1.05} \approx 14.207$ years.